

THE OSI MODEL

Open Systems Interconnection model

Established in **1947**,

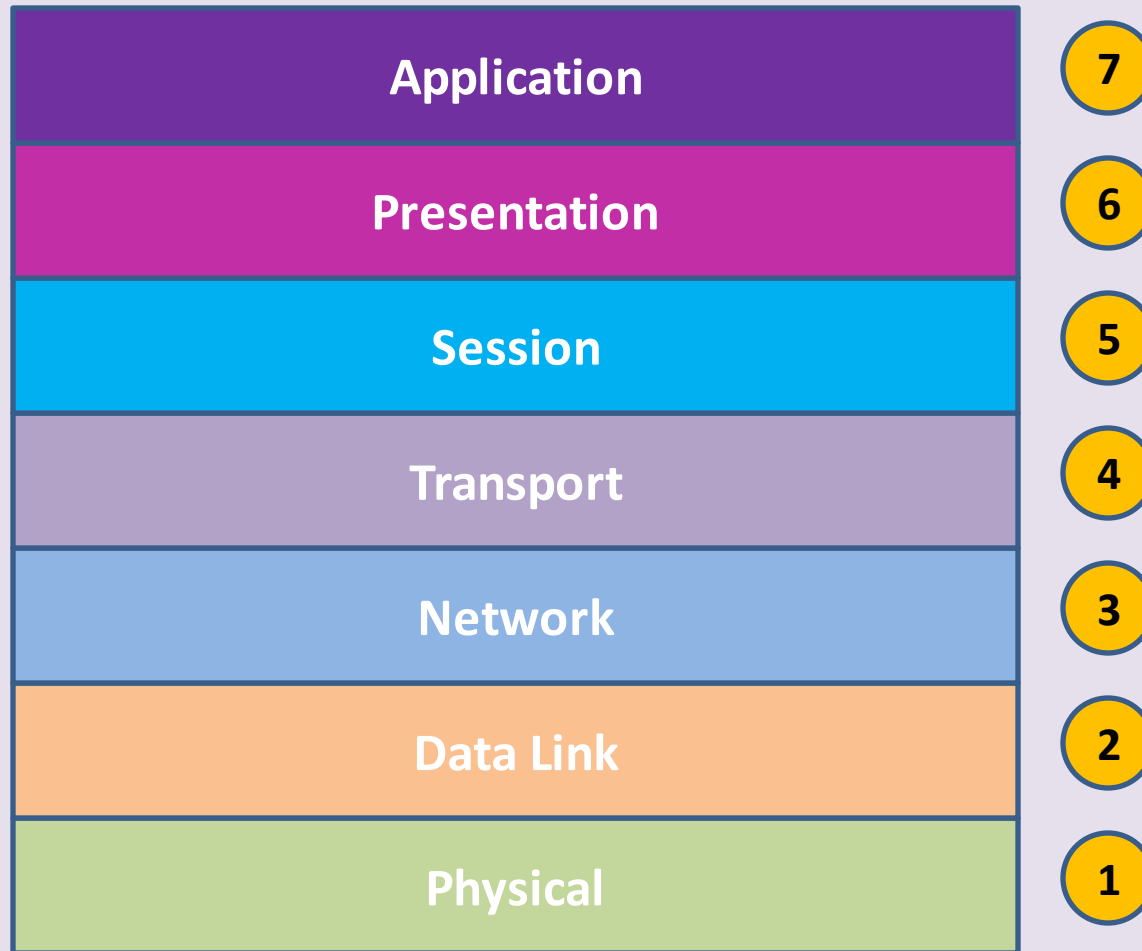
by the **International Standards Organization (ISO)**

It **is layered framework** for the design of network systems

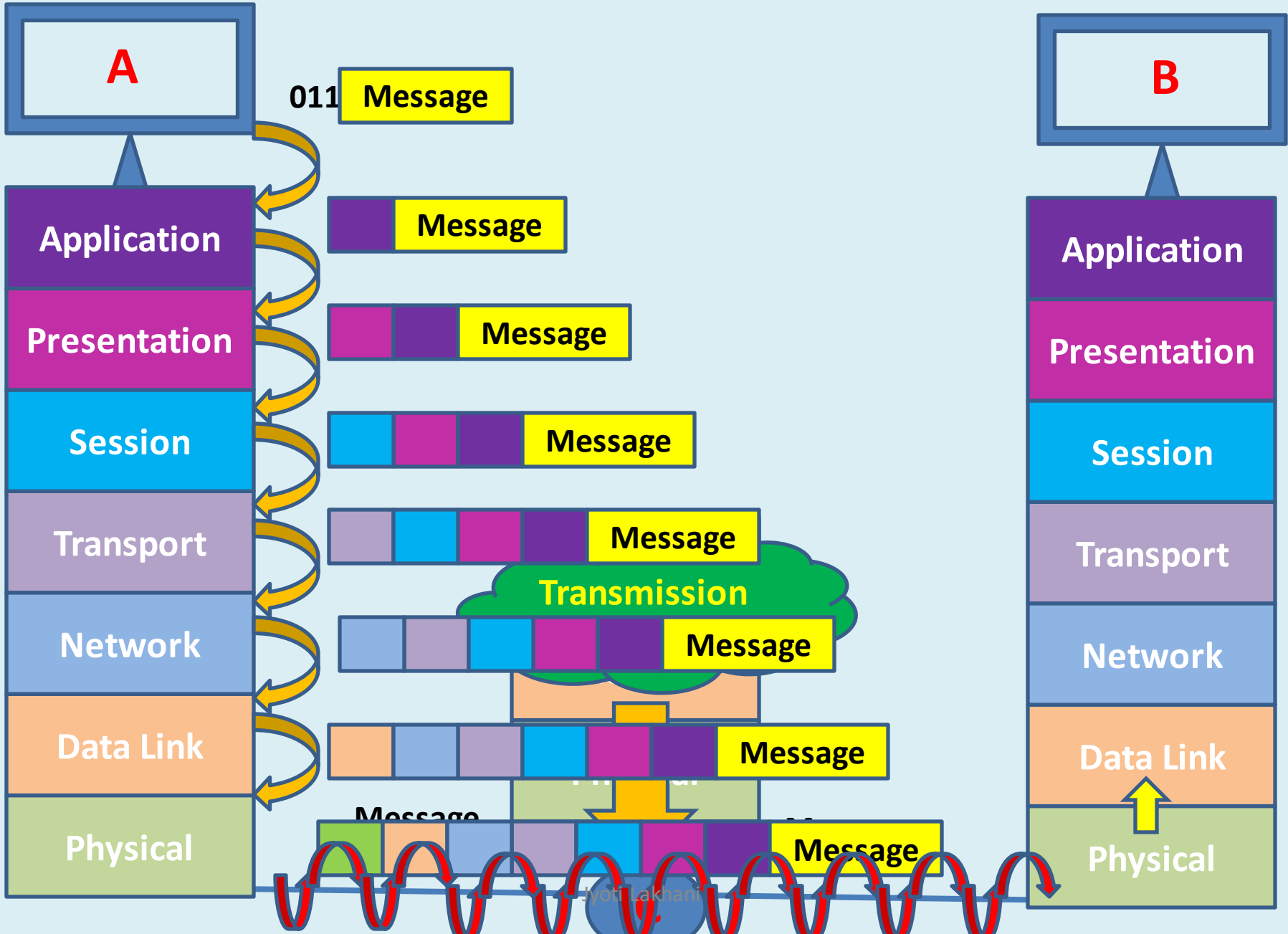
It consists of **seven separate but related layers**

Each Layer defines the process of moving information across a network

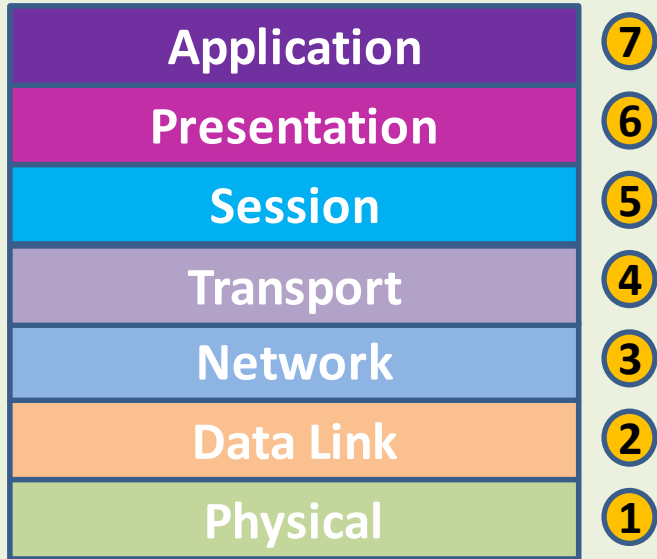
Layers of OSI Model



Device A sends its settings (bits) to device B (through intermediate devices) from the Application layer. Within a single machine, each layer calls upon the services of the layer just below it.



Classification of Layers



These layers deal with the physical aspects of moving data from one device to another, such as the use of cables, light waves, and radio waves. They also deal with the physical addressing, transport timing, and reliability of the data.

- Physical connections
- Physical addressing
- Transport timing
- Reliability).

The Network Support Layers

Transport Layer
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User Support Layers

